

BIBA

(2000 -> 2005)

Bayesian Inspired Brain and Artefacts

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Objective

Explore an alternative paradigm of cognition

(perception, action, inference and learning):

Bayesian probabilistic reasoning

- New models for cognition in life science?
- New methods to develop better artefacts?

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Partners

- **Life Sciences**

- Collège de France (LPPA - A. Berthoz; J. Droulez)
- University College of London (UCL GATSBY - P. Dayan)
- University of Cambridge (UCAM - H. Barlow)

- **Information Sciences**

- Ecole Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne (ASL - R. Siegwart)
- INRIA - CNRS (GRAVIR - P. Bessière; E. Mazer)
- MIT (NSL - J.J. Slotine)

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Axes

- Biological plausibility of Bayesian reasoning at a microscopic level?
- Biological plausibility of Bayesian reasoning at a macroscopic level?
- How to develop better artefacts using Bayesian reasoning?

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Publications

	Published	Soon
PhD	9	4
Journal	12	7
Books	1	2
Conference	41	
Patents	2	

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Shape from Movement

[Colas06]

Courtesy of MPI-BC

Programme

- Description**
 - Variables Pertinentes**
 $X, Y, V_x, V_z, R_y, \Lambda, \vec{T}, \vec{\Omega}, \vec{\Phi}^0, \vec{\Phi}^1 \text{ et } \vec{\Phi}^2$
 - Décomposition**

$$P(X \cap V_x V_z R_y \Lambda \vec{T} \vec{\Omega} \vec{\Phi}^0 \vec{\Phi}^1 \vec{\Phi}^2)$$

$$= P(X \cap Y) P(V_x V_z R_y) P(\Lambda)$$

$$\times P(\vec{T} \vec{\Omega} | V_x V_z R_y)$$

$$\times P(\vec{\Phi}^0 | T_x T_y)$$

$$\times P(\vec{\Phi}^1 | X \cap \vec{T} \vec{\Omega})$$

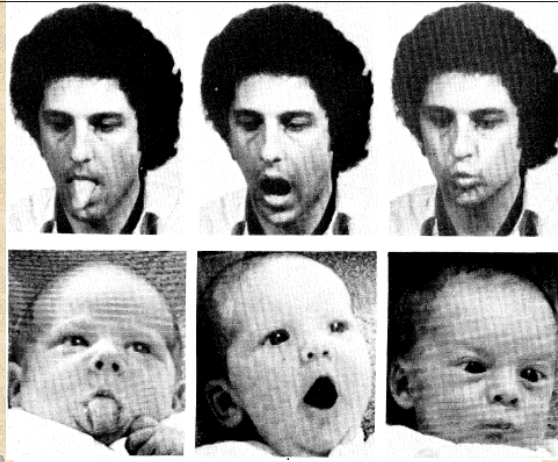
$$\times P(\vec{\Phi}^2 | X \cap \vec{T} \vec{\Omega} \Lambda)$$
 - Formes Paramétriques**
 $P(X \cap Y)$: uniforme en coordonnées sphériques;
 $P(V_x V_z R_y), P(\Lambda)$: non spécifié;
 $P(\vec{\Omega} \vec{T} | V_x V_z R_y)$: gaussienne centrée autour de l'opposé du mouvement propre;
 $P(\vec{\Phi}^0 | T_x T_y)$: gaussienne centrée sur le flux théorique;
 $P(\vec{\Phi}^1 | X \cap \vec{\Omega} \vec{T})$: idem;
 $P(\vec{\Phi}^2 | X \cap \vec{\Omega} \vec{T} \Lambda)$: gaussienne dont la covariance dépend de la taille du champ Λ .
 - Identification** :
Aucune.
 - Question** :

$$P(X \cap \vec{\Phi}^0 \vec{\Phi}^1 \vec{\Phi}^2 v_x v_z r_y \Lambda)$$

Early development of speech: Orofacial imitation

[Serkhane05a]
[Serkhane05b]

[Meltzoff]



$$\begin{aligned}
 &P(L_h \otimes T_b \otimes T_d \otimes X_h \otimes Y_h \otimes A_l \otimes F_1 \otimes F_2) \\
 &= P(X_h) * P(Y_h) * P(A_l) \\
 &\quad * P(L_h / A_l) * P(T_b / X_h \otimes Y_h) * P(T_d / X_h \otimes Y_h \otimes T_b) \\
 &\quad * P(F_1 / X_h \otimes Y_h \otimes A_l) * P(F_2 / X_h \otimes Y_h \otimes A_l)
 \end{aligned}$$

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Training Video-Games Avatars

[LeHy05]

Program

Description

Question

Specification

Variables:

• Perception: $L(I)$
 FN
 PL

• State: S_t, S_{t+1}

Decomposition:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &P(S_t S_{t+1} L W F W N F N P W P L) \\
 &= P(S_t) x P(S_{t+1} | S_t) x P(L | S_{t+1}) x P(W | S_{t+1}) x P(F W | S_{t+1}) \\
 &\quad x P(N | S_{t+1}) x P(F N | S_{t+1}) x P(P W | S_{t+1}) x P(P L | S_{t+1})
 \end{aligned}$$

Parametric Forms:

• Tables

Identification

Utilization

- Playing : $P(S_{t+1} | S_t L W F W N F N P W P L)$



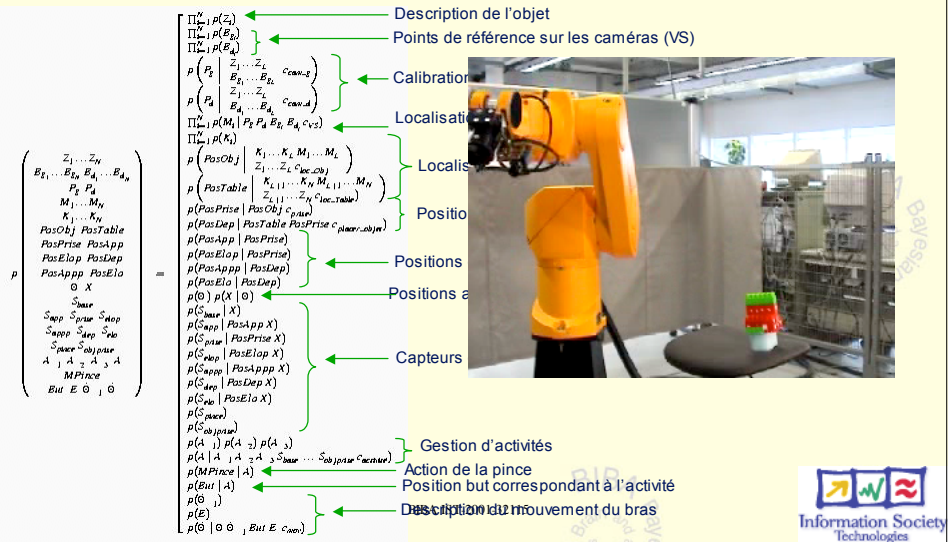
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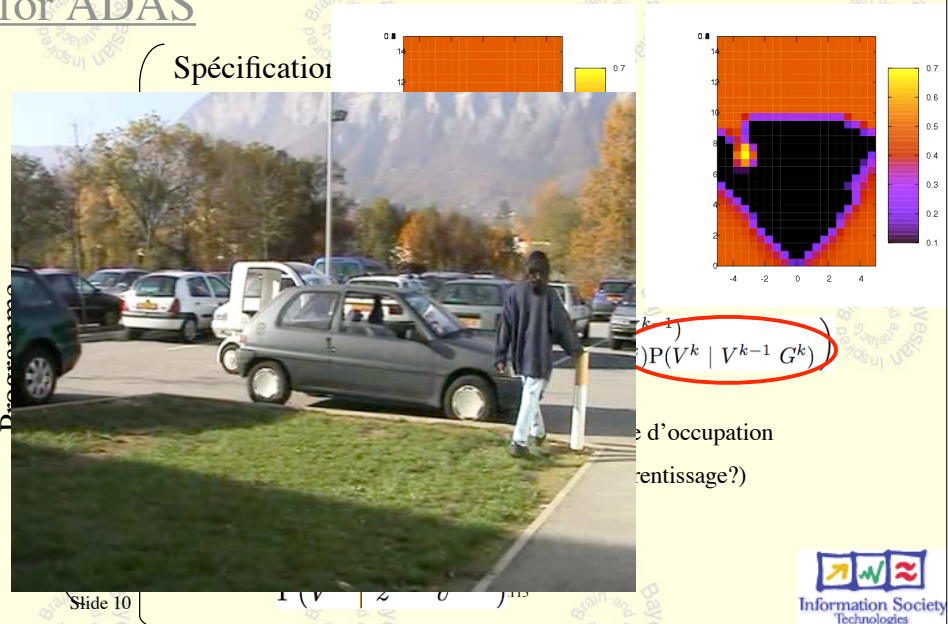
Bayesian Control of Robotics Arms

[Garcia03]



Bayesian Occupancy Filters for ADAS

[Coué03][Coué05]



Mobile Robot Navigation

[Pradali04]
[Pradali05]

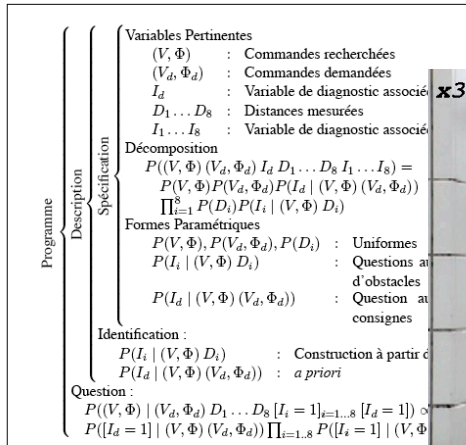


FIG. 6.12: Fusion de sous-modèle par



Bayesian Approach to Action Selection and Attention Focusing

[Koike05]

$$P(M^{0:t} S^{0:t} C^{0:t} \lambda^{0:t} \beta^{0:t} \alpha^{0:t} | \pi)$$

$$= \prod_{j=1}^t \left[\begin{aligned} & \prod_{i=1}^{N_i} P(S_i^j | S_i^{j-1} M^{j-1} \pi_i) \\ & \prod_{i=1}^{N_i} P(Z^j | S_i^j C^j \pi_i) \\ & \times P(B^j | \pi) \prod_{i=1}^{N_i} P(\beta^j | B^j S_i^j B^{j-1} \pi_i) \\ & \times P(C^j | \tau) \prod_{i=1}^{N_i} P(\alpha^j | C^j S_i^j B^j \pi_i) \\ & \times P(M^j | \gamma) \prod_{i=1}^{N_i} P(\lambda^j | M^j B^j S_i^j M^{j-1} \pi_i) \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$\times P(M^0 S^0 C^0 B^0 Z^0 \lambda^0 \beta^0 \alpha^0 | \pi)$$

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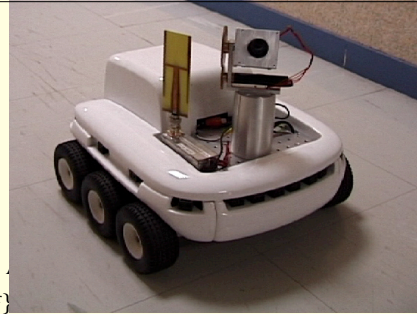


- Inclusion of intermediary state variables
- Bayesian time filtering
- Motor model addition
- Domains of interest
- Behaviour selection, synergies and strategies
- Reduction of perception data pre-processing

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Bayesian Maps

[Diard03]



Description

Spécification

- Variables :
 - o $P = P^{gîte} \wedge L_t^{gîte} \wedge L_t^{e-v} \wedge L_t^{lac} \wedge L_t^{nourr}$
 - o $L_t = \{c^{gîte}, c^{e-v}, c^{lac}, c^{nourr}\}$
 - o $L_t = \{c^{gîte}, c^{e-v}, c^{lac}, c^{nourr}\}$
 - o $A = \{\text{Sortir-gîte, Dormir, Aller-Boire, Se-Balader, ...}\}$
- Décomposition :
 - o $P(P^{gîte} \wedge L_t^{gîte} \wedge L_t^{e-v} \wedge L_t^{lac} \wedge L_t^{nourr} \wedge A | L_t) =$
 $P(L_t)$
 $P(P^{gîte} \wedge L_t^{gîte} \wedge L_t^{e-v} \wedge L_t^{lac} \wedge L_t^{nourr} | L_t)$
 $P(P^{e-v} \wedge L_t^{e-v} \wedge L_t^{lac} \wedge L_t^{nourr} | L_t)$
 $P(P^{lac} \wedge L_t^{lac} \wedge L_t^{nourr} \wedge L_t^{gîte} | L_t)$
 $P(P^{nourr} \wedge L_t^{nourr} \wedge L_t^{gîte} \wedge L_t^{e-v} | L_t)$
 $P(L_t) P(A | L_t)$

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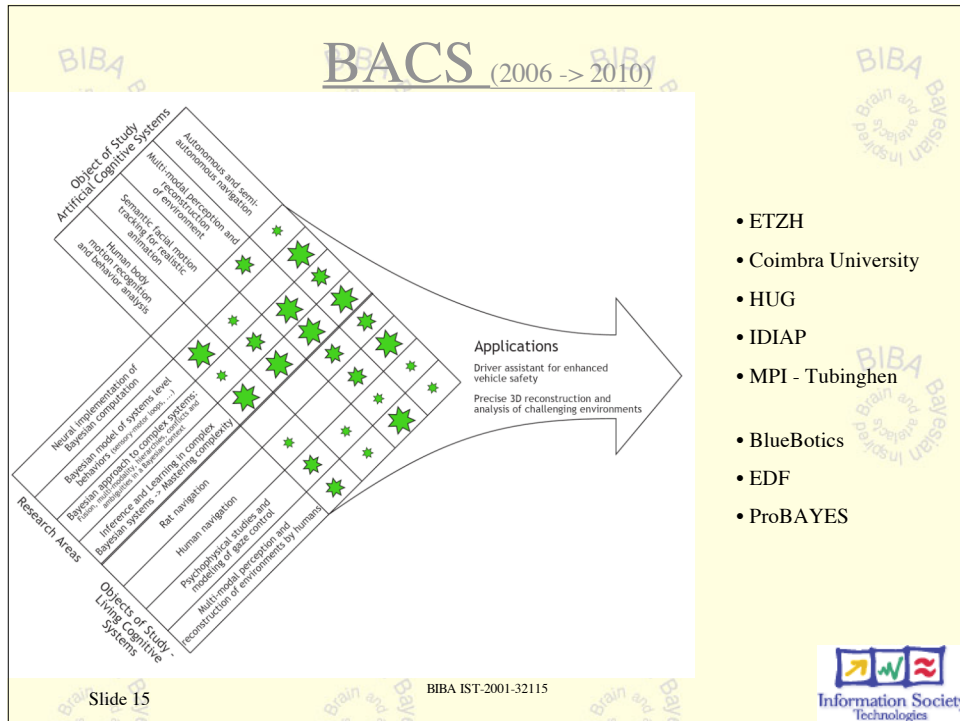
Answers ???

- Biological plausibility of Bayesian reasoning at a microscopic level?
- Biological plausibility of Bayesian reasoning at a macroscopic level?
- How to develop better artefacts using Bayesian reasoning?

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Labo GRAVIR (CNRS-INRIA)
recrute des :

Ingénieur d'étude
PostDocs

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Information Society Technologies

Bayesian Cognition

International workshop on probabilistic models of
perception, inference, reasoning, decision, action,
learning and neural processing

Paris, January 16-18, 2006
BAYESIAN-COGNITION.ORG

- [Alain Berthoz](#), Collège de France
- [Pierre Bessière](#), CNRS
- [Heinrich Bühlhoff](#), Max Planck Institute
- [Peter Dayan](#), University College of London
- [Sophie Denève](#), CNRS,
- [Jacques Droulez](#), LPPA
- [Ian Hacking](#), Collège de France
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